

## EXAMPLE DATA MANAGEMENT AND SHARING PLAN (in compliance with SF-424 Forms H)

### EXAMPLE FOR HUMAN GENOMIC DATA

#### ELEMENT 1: DATA TYPE

##### A. Types and amount of scientific data expected to be generated in the project:

Type	Species	Platform/ Source	Amount
Array-derived genotype data	Human	Illumina	1,000 research participants (500 cases/controls), prospective enrollment
30x whole-genome sequence data	"	"	"
RNA-seq data	"	"	"
Hi-C WGS	"	"	"
Phenotypic and clinical data	"	Institutional EHR	"
Demographic data	"	"	"

##### B. Scientific data that will be preserved and shared, and the rationale for doing so:

Genomic (e.g., sequencing reads and variant call files) and phenotypic/clinical data from this project will be useful to researchers beyond those involved in this project and will therefore be preserved and shared. We will share de-identified patient demographics, genomic and clinical/phenotypic data extracted from medical records that are used to substantiate the findings that we publish. In alignment with NHGRI's expectation to share comprehensive phenotypic data, we will also select several (5+) other key phenotypic variables extracted from the medical record to provide additional context about the research participants' health to secondary users to maximize the utility of the shared data.

Data that do not meet quality metrics (e.g., RIN>7, replicate concordance >0.8, FastQC check) will not be preserved and shared. HIPAA identifiers will be preserved at our institution but will not be shared.

##### C. Metadata, other relevant data, and associated documentation:

Metadata – QC metrics, sample id, batch run, assembly, data standards (i.e., data dictionary and ontology), and metadata required for AnVIL submission (e.g., specimen source, instrument platforms)  
Associated Documentation – Non-proprietary data collection instruments, methods, and study protocol(s).

#### ELEMENT 2: RELATED TOOLS, SOFTWARE AND/OR CODE:

All newly developed software and code for processing and analyzing data will be distributed as version controlled, open-source code written in R or Python via GitHub, with detailed user documentation.

#### ELEMENT 3: STANDARDS:

Data Type	Standard
Human array-derived genotype data	VCF
30x whole-genome sequence data	Sequencing data and variant calls will be shared in CRAM

**Commented [JB1]:** These example DMS Plans are provided for educational purposes to assist applicants with developing Plans but are not intended to be used as templates and their use does not guarantee approval by NIH. Do not copy/paste this Plan without modifying it to reflect the types of data that are expected to be generated through your project.

Note that the example DMS Plans may reflect additional expectations established by NIH or specific NIH Institutes, Centers, or Offices that go beyond the DMS Policy. Applicants will need to ensure that their Plan reflects any additional, applicable expectations (including from NIH policies, ICO policies, or as stated in the FOA).

In addition, these examples may reflect resources or policies that are in place at other institutions but that are not necessarily available at the University of Iowa. If needed, investigators can contact Research Data Services ([lib-data@uiowa.edu](mailto:lib-data@uiowa.edu)) if they have questions regarding how to best complete their DMS Plan.

**Commented [JB2]:** Example from NHGRI  
[https://sharing.nih.gov/sites/default/files/fimngr/Human%20Genomic%20Data\\_NHGRI%20Sample%20DMS%20Plan\\_v1.docx](https://sharing.nih.gov/sites/default/files/fimngr/Human%20Genomic%20Data_NHGRI%20Sample%20DMS%20Plan_v1.docx)

	and VCF formats, respectively.
RNA-seq data	Data will be QCd and analyzed according to ENCODE Bulk RNA-seq Data Standards. FASTQs, BAM alignment files, and TSV transcript quantifications will be shared.
Hi-C WGS	FASTQ
Demographic, Phenotypic and Clinical Data	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• PhenX for surveys</li> <li>• RxNorm for meds</li> <li>• PCORnet CDM which is derived from OMOP for EHR data collection for secondary outcomes</li> <li>• Current Procedural Terminology (CPTs), Logical Observation Identifier Names and Codes (LOINCs) and diagnoses ICD10 codes</li> </ul>
Study protocols	Customized (non-standard) & to be developed

#### ELEMENT 4: DATA PRESERVATION, ACCESS, AND ASSOCIATED TIMELINES

##### A. Repository where scientific data and metadata will be archived:

The primary data repository for this study will be the NHGRI Analysis, Visualization, and Informatics Lab-Space (AnVIL).

Protocols related to donor recruitment, tissue collection/preservation/biobanking, pathology/tissue dissection, whole-genome sequencing, and data processing and analysis will also be openly available on the website protocols.io and/or on the project website at the time of data release.

##### B. How scientific data will be findable and identifiable:

Our dataset will be registered in dbGaP and assigned a phsID. Data will be findable and identifiable via the standard data indexing tools in AnVIL (currently the AnVIL catalog). We will reference the accession number(s) for our dataset(s) in all relevant future publications.

##### C. When and how long the scientific data will be made available:

We will meet the data submission and release timeframes specified by the NIH Genomic Data Sharing and Data Management and Sharing Policies, as described on NIH's data sharing website and NHGRI's data sharing policies and expectations webpage. We will generate genomic data in batches of 100 participants. In accordance with NIH and NHGRI's Expectations for Data Submissions and Release, we will begin submitting genomic data no later than 3 months after data from the first batch is generated and quality measures has been assessed. We will add subsequent batches as they are generated. Genomic data will be released 6 months after they are submitted to AnVIL. Phenotypic and clinical data, metadata, and associated documentation will be submitted along with the genomic data files, and the dataset will be released in full by the time any results supported in whole or in part by this award are posted to a preprint or submitted to a journal. In the event that we do not publish on these data or a portion of the data, they will be released before the end of this award.

Currently, AnVIL has no process for deleting or retiring data sets; data will be available for as long as AnVIL/NHGRI preserves the dataset.

**Commented [HG(3): Please Note:** There are instances, such as when performing a clinical trial, that may affect the timeline for QC/analysis of data, and therefore the submission and release timeline for projects also subject to the NIH Genomic Data Sharing Policy. Please consider the specifics of your research proposal when crafting your DMS Plan.

#### ELEMENT 5: ACCESS, DISTRIBUTION, OR REUSE CONSIDERATIONS

##### A. Factors affecting subsequent access, distribution, or reuse of scientific data:

Research participants will be consented for data sharing of their individual genomic and clinical data via controlled access. Our institution will provide an Institutional Certification upon registering the study in dbGAP. Participants will be consented in a manner that allows for any research question to be explored

(i.e., the General Research Uses (GRU) data use limitation). Genomic Summary Results from this study can be shared through unrestricted access.

**B. Whether access to scientific data will be controlled:**

Individual-level genomic and clinical data will be shared via controlled-access. Given the funding source for this project by NHGRI, the NHGRI Data Access Committee (DAC) will manage access to the dataset once it is released. Metadata, and associated documentation (such as study protocols) will be openly available via the AnVIL.

**C. Protections for privacy, rights, and confidentiality of human research participants:**

Data will be de-identified according to HIPAA and the Common Rule. Participants will have the opportunity [to opt-out of such sharing] or to withdraw their data from the database by contacting the study team or the university's research administration office. We will track these preferences closely and respect individual participant wishes.

Upon receipt of an NIH Award, the data for this study will be protected by a Certificate of Confidentiality.

**ELEMENT 6: OVERSIGHT OF DATA MANAGEMENT AND SHARING:**

The following individuals will be responsible for data collection, management, storage, retention, and dissemination of project data, including updating and revising the Data Management and Sharing Plan as necessary each year at the time of the Research Performance Progress Report.

[Name, position title, host institution, ORCID, email]

**Commented [HG(14): Please Note:** NHGRI encourages early consultation with the IRB on sharing of data from human research participants. The NIH Genomic Data Sharing Policy does not prevent or disqualify participants from study enrollment if they decline to consent to sharing of their data. However, some genomics projects inherently require genomic data sharing (e.g., a project aimed at creating a foundational data resource for the broader scientific community). Language provided here is only meant to serve as an example and should be adjusted based on the features of your particular project proposal.